What do we do in the EYFS?

Below is an overview of what we plan to cover with the Early Years Children over the year. All of our Early Years children (Nursery and Reception) will be developing skills through the same topics but the activities will be delivered at a level appropriate to their age and stage of development. We run a two year cycle of planning so that children that go on into our Reception classroom are covering different topics. We plan all of our activities around the seven areas of learning; these are split into three prime areas and four specific areas.

The three **PRIME** areas are:

- Communication & Language
- Physical Development
- Personal, social and Emotional Development

These areas underpin the following specific areas.

The Four **SPECIFIC** areas are:

- Literacy
- Mathematics
- Understanding the World
- Expressive Arts & Design

Through exciting topics we ensure coverage of the above specific areas.

Our children also initiate their own learning through free choice activities and we do try to follow the children's interests, therefore our planning is flexible and subject to change.

All children develop and learn at different rates; therefore many of the objectives are on-going as children need to practise these in a wide range of activities in order to consolidate their learning.

Within our topics we do mini topics in order to embrace important celebrations throughout the year such as Chinese New Year,

Diwali, Remembrance Day, Harvest and other special celebrations.

		Autumn		Spring		Summer	
Cycle A	Topics	All About Me	Christmas	Celebrations	Easter	Plants	Living Things
Special	Celebrations	Halloween Harvest Remembrance Day	Bonfire Night Christmas Day Children in Need	Concert/Nativity Pantomime Visit Us Farm Trip	Chinese New Year Valentine's Day World Book Day	Red Nose Day Pancake Tuesday Mother's Day	Easter Father's day Sports Day
	Activities	Promoting inde Friendshij Discussir Exploring Discuss how we c Discuss people wh Sharing resource	to Reception pendent learning ps & Family ng feelings our feelings an care for others no are special to us as and taking turns babies and other people	Discuss different f Discuss how we Look at charities and how we co Develop hygiene Discuss M Belonging to a famil Feelings an	who we love eelings we experience a can help others an raise money for Red Nose Day and self-help skills other's Day y and special groups. d friendships and wrong & sharing	Sun safe Develop confide Exploring di Develop hygiene	for animals/minibeasts ty awareness ence talking/singing fferent feelings and self-help skills on activities
rersonal Social & Emotional	Children at 3 & 4will be learning to:	 Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them. Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community. Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting. Show more confidence in new social situations. Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas. Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas. Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them Develop appropriate ways of being assertive. Talk with others to solve conflicts. Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'. Understand gradually how others might be feeling. 					
	Children in Reception will be learning to:	 See themselves as a valuable individual. Build constructive and respectful relationships. Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally. Think about the perspectives of others. Manage their own needs. 					

Self-Regulation **Reception Early Learning Goals** Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly; Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. Managing Self Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge; Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices **Building Relationships** ٠ Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others; Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers; Show sensitivity to their own and to others' . . Harvest -Jewish Sukkot Diwali The Easter story The story of Buddha Look at Special places, objects, The Christmas story music and people eg. Church, -Christian Harvest Special People & Books Stories about Jesus **R.E Topics** Mandir, Jewish artifacts etc. **Baptism & Weddings** Transition Coach delivers a 'Functional Development' session once a week across the year which includes: Apparatus, Gymnastics, Athletics, Ball games/skills and other Physical activities/games. Forest School takes place weekly across the year. Activities Outdoor play is accessible all year through. Mark Making opportunities always available Name Writing / letter formation / word writing / caption and Name Writing / letter formation / word writing / caption and Name Writing / letter formation / word writing / caption and sentence writing. sentence writing. sentence writing. Physical Development Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills. ٠ Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet. . ë ٠ Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues. be learning t ÷ • Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. ð . Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams. . . Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm. ٠ 1 Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width. • 4will Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks ø ٠ Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. m at <u>.</u> Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. Children 8. Start eating independently and learning how to use a knife and fork. ٠ Show a preference for a dominant hand. • Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips. Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g. brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly. ٠ . Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity

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	Children in Reception will be learning to:	• • • • • • • •	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - rolling - crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping - climbing Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop confidence, competence, precision and agility. Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball. Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient. Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: - regular physical activity - healthy eating - toothbrushing - sensible amounts of 'screen time' - having a good sleep routine - being a safe pedestrian Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: - lining up and queuing - mealtimes - personal hygiene.
	Reception Early Learning Goals	• • •	ses Motor Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others; Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing; Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. e Motor Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases; Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery; Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Pho	nics		We use Read, Write Inc. to develop an awareness of sounds / phonics. This develops the awareness of letter sounds, formation and other Literacy skills.
	Children at 3 & 4will be learning to:	• • • •	Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens. Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult. Use a wider range of vocabulary. Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as: "Get your coat and wait at the door". Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" Sing a large repertoire of songs. Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story. Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'. Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying: - some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh – multi-syllabic words such as 'pterodactyl', 'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus'. Use longer sentences of four to six words. Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.
<u>Communication & Language</u>	Children in Reception will be learning to:	•	Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus you sit there I'll be the driver." Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Engage in story times. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Learn new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary through the day. Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. Describe events in some detail. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen. Develop social phrases. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Learn rhymes, poems and songs. Engage in non-fiction books.
	Children at 3 & 4will be Learning to:	•	Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Listening, Attention and Understanding Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions; Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding; Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers. Speaking Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary; Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate; Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

	Books/Stories	Eric My Cha Deli Hel Hel Juli Nor Ren Deb The Lou Dre Eric The	ad to Toe c Carle Name is Watawakaloch ana Stefel icious en Cooper im on the Broom ia Donaldson n-fiction: Body member Remember the Fifth of November borah Webb e Snowflake Mistake Treleaven Maddie Frost carle e Christmas Story k Bruna	The secret birthday Message Eric Carle The Scarecrows' Wedding Julia Donaldson The Baby Sister Tomie dePaola Cleversticks Bernard Ashley Non-Fiction: Celebrations Pancakes, Pancakes Eric Carle Farmer Duck Martin Waddell Little Red Riding Hood The Easter Story	The Tiny Seed Eric Carle An Alphabet Salad Sarah Schuette Poppy and the Blooms Fiona Woodcock The Extraordinary Gardener Sam Boughton Non-fiction: Plants The Very Quiet Cricket Eric Carle There was an Old Lady who Swallowed a Fly Pam Adams How does a caterpillar Change? Eric Carle The Snail Trail Ruth Brown		
Literacy	Children at 3 & 4will be learning to:	 recognise words with the same initial so Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. und, such as money and mother Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy. Write some or all of their name. Write some letters accurately. 					
			<u>* Children will get their own reading books to take home weekly after October Half term.</u>				
	will be	•					
	wi	•	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences.				
	ion :	•	Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sound Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.s for them.				
	Children in Reception learning to:	•	Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.				
	Rec	•	Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.				
	n in lea	•	Form lower-case and capital letters correctly.	ing the cound with latter /s			
	drei	•	Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writ	-			
	hil	•	Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop.				
	J	•	Re-read what they have written to check that it ma	kes sense.			

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	Reception Early Learning Goals	-	sound-blending; eent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exce prmed; ing the sounds with a letter or letters;	d during role-play.
Mathematics	Activities & Stories	Math's Stories Run Mouse Run Simon Sock Subitize to 3 Count up to 5 objects Number bonds to 5 Compare weight, length and capacity Prepositions Patterns	Math's Stories Mr Willy-Nilly and Zoey's Dream Feast for 10 Counting up to 10 objects Subitixe to 6 Number symbols Number bonds to 7 More than/fewer than	Math's Stories Tangram Cat Circle Number bonds up to 10 Doubling numbers Recognise numerals to 20 2d and 3d shpaes Rotating shapes

	 Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising').
	Recite numbers past 5.
	• Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5.
	 Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').
	Show 'finger numbers' up to 5.
ä	 Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.
lg to	Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.
rin	Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.
lea	• Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'.
Children at 3 & 4will be learning to:	• Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat 'round'.
84	 Understand position through words alone – for example, "The bag is under the table," – with no pointing.
t 3	• Describe a familiar route.
en a	• Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.
ildre	Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.
ъ	Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc.
	Combine shapes to make new ones - an arch, a bigger triangle etc.
	• Talk about and identify the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc.
	• Extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf.
	Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern.
	 Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then'
to:	Count objects, actions and sounds.
ing	• Subitise.
arn	Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value.
e	Count beyond ten.
d II	Compare numbers.
N C	 Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.
ptio	Explore the composition of numbers to 10.
ece	 Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0–10.
in R	 Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills.
e	Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can.
Children in Reception will be learning to:	Continue, copy and create repeating patterns
	Compare length, weight and capacity
ioal	Number
e B	 Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number; Subition (recognize quantities without counting) up to 5
ini	• Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.
Lea	 Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double factor.
arly	facts.
ů v	Numerical Patterns
Reception Early Learning Goals	 Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system; Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity;
ece	
8	 Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

Benfieldside Primary School

CYCLE A

My body & senses Look at traditions/celebrations of different countries & taste foods Caring for others and animals Past & present photographs **Explore Easter traditions** Look at changes in Summer My family Look at changes in Spring Observe living things Activities Observation of chicks/ lifecycle Investigate plant/living things life cycles **Places I like Explore** Christmas traditions Visit to a farm **Minibeast hunt** Look at changes in Autumn & Winter Animal babies **Investigate Minibeast habitats** Discuss Harvest & make fruit crumble. Use remote control toys/mouse/interactive whiteboard/IPad Use digital cameras/beebots/remote control bugs Use interactive whiteboard/IPad/simple ICT equipment ٠ Use all their senses in hands on exploration of natural materials. ٠ Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. 4will be learning to: • Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary. ٠ Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history. ٠ Show interest in different occupations. ٠ Explore how things work. • Plant seeds and care for growing plants. at 3 & / ٠ Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. ٠ Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things. Children ٠ Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. World • Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice. • Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people. Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos **Understanding the** ë Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. ٠ will be learning ٠ Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. Draw information from a simple map. . Talk about members of their immediate family and community. • • Name and describe people who are familiar to them. • Understand that some places are special to members of their community. **Children in Reception** • Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. ٠ • Explore the natural world around them. • Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live. • Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Past & Present **Reception Early Learning Goals** Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society; • Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. • People, Culture & Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps; ٠ • Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and -when appropriate -• maps. The Natural World Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants; •

Benfieldside Primary School

Early Years Curriculum Overview (Reception)

CYCLE	Α
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			e natural world around them and contrasting environments, draw			
		· · · · ·	in the natural world around them, including the seasons and cha			
		Painting & collage	Paint favourite toys from Christmas	Make Clay/playdough fruits/minibeasts		
		Make apple sponge	Bake celebration cakes.	Create Van Gough sunflower pictures/collage		
		Apple/vegetable printing/collage	Make decorations for various celebrations.	Experiment with colour mixing		
		Self portraits	Make valentines cards & crafts	Minibeast pictures/paintings/collage/masks		
Activities		Label parts of body Autumn collages/leaf printing/rubbings	Animal/Spring paintings & collage Mother's Day cards/gifts	Acting out stories using masks and props Minibeast songs		
tivi		Hand/foot prints	Easter crafts	Municeds 1 songs Musical instruments		
Ac		Finger painting	Sing Nursery rhymes/Spring/Easter songs & play musical	Role Play: Garden Centre/Florists/Minibeast study are		
		Singing Nursery rhymes & playing musical instruments	instruments			
		Christmas crafts, cards and calendars	Role play: Dressing up for different occasions/ Farm			
		Singing Christmas songs /Christmas concert				
		Role play: Spooky House/Post Office/Santa's grotto				
ł	•	Explore different materials freely, in order to develop the	eir ideas about how to use them and what to make.			
	•	Develop their own ideas and then decide which material	s to use to express them.			
	•	Join different materials and explore different textures.				
	•	Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to	use these shapes to represent objects.			
	•	Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as repr				
to:		Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud n				
be learning to:						
arn		Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc.				
<u>e</u>		Explore colour and colour mixing.	advance from the			
l be		Show different emotions in their drawings – happiness, sadness, fear etc.				
4will	•	Listen with increased attention to sounds.				
ంర	•	Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.				
Children at 3	•	Remember and sing entire songs.				
e ua	•	Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch r				
ldre	•	Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.				
Chi	•	Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know.				
	•	Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.				
	•	Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar.				
	•	Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses etc.				
	•	Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park.				
/il	•	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.				
Children in Reception will he learning to:	•	Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.				
ti Gi	•	Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.				
ing	•	Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.				
arn arn	•	Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses.				
en in Receptio		Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.				
dre he	•	Develop storylines in their pretend play.	e piter and ronowing the melody.			
hild						
C	•	Explore and engage in music making and dance, perform	ing solo or in groups.			

Creating with Materials Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories. Being Imaginative & Expressive Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher; Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move in time with music.